Gender pappersonnel Pay Gap Report



What is the gender pay gap?

The gender pay gap is the percentage difference between average hourly earnings for men and women.



Across the UK, men earned on average 14.9% more than women in 2022, according to the Office for National Statistics (ONS). This is down from 15.1% in 2021 17.4% in 2019.

The gender pay gap calculations take into consideration the average earnings of all men and women across a business, irrespective of role and seniority. The outcome can be affected by many factors such as working patterns, occupation and sector.

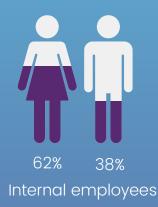
Having a gap between average pay for men and women is not illegal. Paying men and women differently for doing equal work, however, is.

The gender pay gap calculations also look at bonuses, and how these are distributed across men and women in a company.



Who do we report on?

As an employment business, the temporary workers who work for our clients are included in our payroll as well as our internal staff, and are therefore a part of the calculation.





Understanding the calculations

Mean hourly pay gap

This is the difference in average hourly rates of pay for men and women. It adds up all the hourly rates for men, all the hourly rates for women, and divides each by the number of men and women respectively within the scope of the calculation. It then looks at the difference.

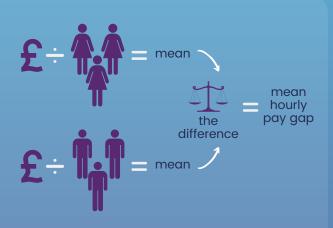
Median hourly pay gap

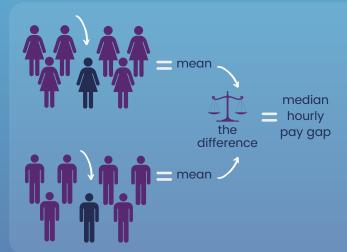
This measures the hourly pay rate of the middle point in a population. If you separately lined up all the women in a company and all the men, the median pay gap is the difference between the hourly pay rate of the middle woman compared to that of the middle man.



Understanding the calculations

continued...





What our own results say

What are the reasons for our gender pay gap?

Internal employees

In the upper quartile, men and women's pay is almost evenly distributed, showing our commitment to equality in senior management roles.

More women than men work part-time. The regulations do not allow a full-time equivalent calculation on bonuses for part-time employees.

75%
of our part-time employees are women

Temporary workforce

As an employment business, our temporary workforce are included in our payroll and are therefore included in our gender pay gap report.

Our temporary workforce is predominantly male, which is typical within the industrial sector. We work hard to ensure there is diversity in our resourcing methods and the support we provide to our people.

gap personnel group's own gender pay gap figures are explained on the next page.

The figures quoted in this report relate to the following legal entities:

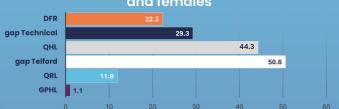
- GPHL gap personnel Holdings Limited (Company Reg 3589208) www.gap-personnel.com
- QRL Quattro Recruitment Limited (Company Req 7131120) www.gap-personnel.com
- gap Telford gap personnel (TELFORD) Ltd (Company Reg 13377649) www.gap-personnel.com
- QHL Quattro Healthcare Ltd (Company Reg 9389534) www.gap-healthcare.com
- gap Technical gap technical Limited (Company Reg 5646432) www.gap-technical.com
- DFR Driving Force Recruitment Ltd (Company Reg 06538808) www.driving-force.co.uk

Required data - internal

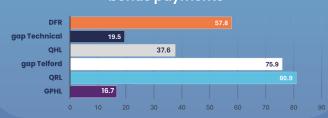
Mean hourly pay difference between males and females



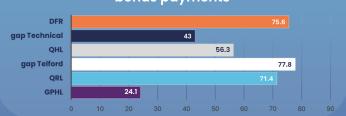
Median hourly pay difference between males and females



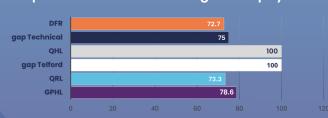
Mean difference between male and female bonus payments



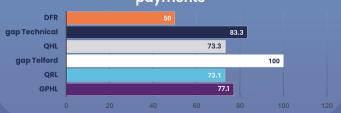
Median difference between male and female bonus payments



Proportion of males receiving bonus payments



Proportion of females receiving bonus <u>payments</u>



Distribution of males and females within each pay band quartile, calculated on a range of hourly rates

Lower quartile



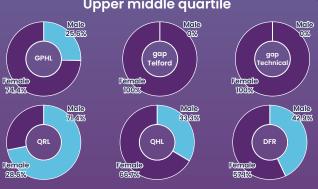




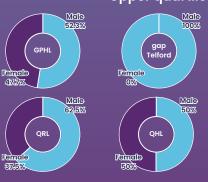




Upper middle quartile



Upper quartile







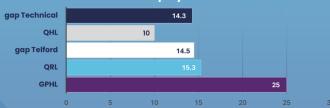
Required data - temp workers

Mean hourly pay difference between males and females

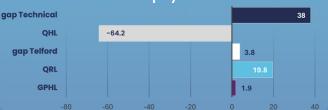




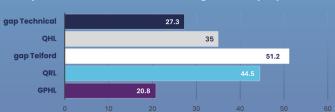




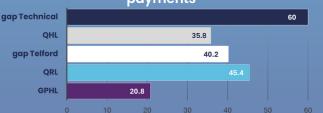
Median difference between male and female bonus payments



Proportion of males receiving bonus payments



Proportion of females receiving bonus payments

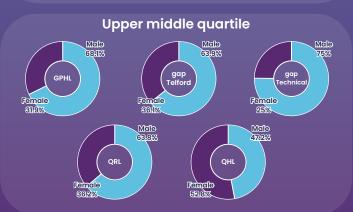


Distribution of males and females within each pay band quartile,

calculated on a range of hourly rates







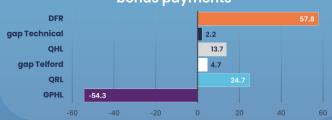


Required data - combined

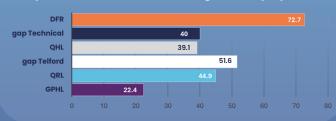




Mean difference between male and female bonus payments



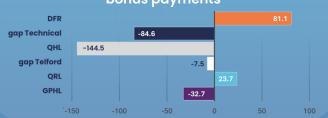
Proportion of males receiving bonus payments



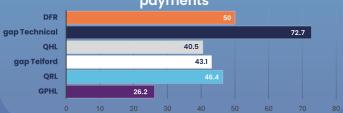
Median hourly pay difference between males and females



Median difference between male and female bonus payments



Proportion of females receiving bonus payments

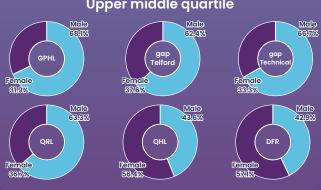


Distribution of males and females within each pay band quartile,

calculated on a range of hourly rates

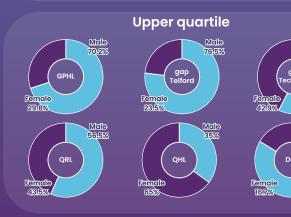
Lower quartile Male 63.6% Male

Upper middle quartile



Lower middle quartile





Male 83.3%

Closing the gender pay gap



Our HR team continue to review job roles within the business including reviews of salary and bonus structure. It is our pledge that all salary increases, bonuses and progression opportunities are not only directly linked to performance, but that training and development programmes are a factor.



Learning styles are understood right from the get-go, during onboarding and we annually review our training to ensure all learning styles are supported. To ensure our training and onboarding programme is accessible we offer both face to face and virtual delivery as well as utilising e-learning. Communicating development expectations early encourages employees to reach their full potential therefore, closing the pay gap especially in the lower and lower middle quartiles of the business.



Alongside our Management Development Programme, we have also launched our Executive Development Programme supporting managers into senior roles. Our 23/24 EDP group has an equal balance of male to female delegates demonstrating there are no obstructions to women achieving equal placing as men in senior management positions within the business.



